

For a vertical line, the slope is _____.

When all real numbers satisfy an equation we call the solution the _____.

A linear relationship is in direct variation when the ratio of y to x is _____.

The Point-Slope form of a linear equation is _____.

The constant rate of change between any two points on a line is called its _____.

If a line slants down from left to right, the slope of the line is _____

The Standard Form of a Linear Equation is _____, where _____, _____, and _____ are integers, and _____ ≥ 0 .

The slope-intercept form of a linear equation is _____, 'where _____ is the slope and _____ is the y-intercept.

In a term, the numeric factor of a variable is called its _____.

If the decimal of a number terminates or repeats it is _____.

In mathematics, true statements for all numbers are called _____.

In the direct variation equation $y = mx$, 'm' is called the _____ of _____.

The formula for the slope m of a line is _____.

A line that does not intersect the origin has a _____ of _____ but is _____.

The line $x = k$, where 'k' is any real number has an _____ slope and is a _____ line.

The coordinate $(-2, 0)$ of a line is where the line _____ the _____.