N3CS20

Practice Set 06

Instructions: Answer each question on loose leaf, quad-ruled (graph paper), headed properly and written in lead-graphite. Remember to fold paper along the center, work exercises in order top to bottom, left column then right column. Staple multiple pages

- 1. a) Gv1 pg. 63 # 2 b) Gv1 pg. 63 #6 c) Gv1 pg. 63 #7
- 2. a) Gv1 pg. 57 # 20 b) Gv1 pg. 57 # 22 c) Gv1 pg. 57 #24
- 3. a) Gv1 pg. 47 #16 b) Gv1 pg. 49 #33 c) Gv1 pg. 49 # 38
- 4. Simplify Using Exponent Laws: "When in doubt, write it out!"
 - a) $(6x^3)(4x^4)$ b) $6(x^3)^4$ c) $(6x^2)^3$
- 5. a) Gv1 pg. 93 #4 b) Gv1 pg. 94 # 12 c) State all the number sets the number $\sqrt[3]{-1728}$ belongs to.
- 6. Simplify the radical expressions:
 - a) $\sqrt{125}$ b) $\sqrt{98}$ c) $\sqrt[3]{128}$
- 7. Solve for the unknown.

a)
$$n^2 = 441$$
 b) $x^2 = -64$ c) $n^3 = -2{,}744$

- 8. Determine the perimeter of a square with the given area:
 - a) $676in^2$ b) $2.56cm^2$ c) $0.0729mm^2$
- Determine the surface area of a cube with the given volume:

a)
$$3{,}375in^3$$
 b) $0.216cm^3$ c) $0.001728m^3$

- 10. a) Gv1 pg. 94 #14 b) Gv1 pg. 95 #28 c) Gv1 pg. 95 #32
- 11. Convert the repeating decimals to fractions:
 - a) $0.5\overline{2}$ b) $3.\overline{52}$ (write as a mixed number)
 - c) $0.54\overline{2}$
- 12. Simplify:

a)
$$-8 \div 4 \cdot 4 - 2$$
 b) $13 - 9 + 4 \div 2 \cdot 2$

- c) $-24 \div \sqrt[3]{8} (7-5+6) \div 24-3$
- 13. Simplify:

a)
$$-4-4(2-x)$$
 b) $-5x+2(-4-3x)+9$

c)
$$9y^2 + 3(3y - 4x^2) + 8x^2 - 2x$$

14. Evaluate the expressions for the given values of the variables; include the units!

a)
$$\frac{F}{m}$$
, where $F = 100 kg \frac{m}{s^2}$, and $m = 24 kg$

- b) 7.2D, where D = 24hrs
- c) 0.76g, where $g = 9.8 \, \text{m/}_{c^2}$
- 15. Determine the sum or difference; write as a fraction and decimal.

a)
$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{6} = b$$
) $4 - \frac{9}{8}$ c) $0.8 - \frac{3}{8}$

16. Solve for the unknown; write your solutions as a fraction and decimal

a)
$$-8b = 27$$
 b) $-7n = 16$ c) $.75x = \frac{1}{4}$

17.

Brett used a calculator to find the decimal expansions of various square roots as shown.

 $\sqrt{3}$ = 1.732050807... $\sqrt{6}$ = 2.449489742... $\sqrt{11}$ = 3.316624790... $\sqrt{15}$ = 3.872983346...

According to these expansions, which of the following expressions is the greatest?

a)
$$3+\sqrt{15}$$
 b) $5+\sqrt{6}$ c) $8-\sqrt{3}$ d) $10-\sqrt{11}$

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Which of these pairs of distances are 5 times the other distance? Select *two* that apply.

- A. a distance of 2 \times 10³ km and a distance of 2 \times 10¹⁵ km
- B_{\odot} a distance of 2 × 10⁴ km and a distance of 2 × 10⁹ km
- C. a distance of 2×10^7 km and a distance of 4×10^8 km
- D. a distance of 4×10^{13} km and a distance of 2×10^{14} km
- E. a distance of 8×10^5 km and a distance of 4×10^6 km
- F. a distance of 8×10^{16} km and a distance of 8×10^{17} km
- 19. A square has an area of $8cm^2$; what is the approximate perimeter of the square?

20.

The value of
$$2\sqrt{2}$$
 can be approximated as $\frac{17}{6}$,

while the value of *e*, a widely used irrational number, can be approximated as 2.72. Which approximation is farther to the left on a number line?

- A. 2.72, because it is less than $\frac{17}{6}$
- B. 2.72, because it is greater than $\frac{17}{6}$
- C. $\frac{17}{6}$, because it is less than 2.72
- D. $\frac{17}{6}$, because it is greater than 2.72